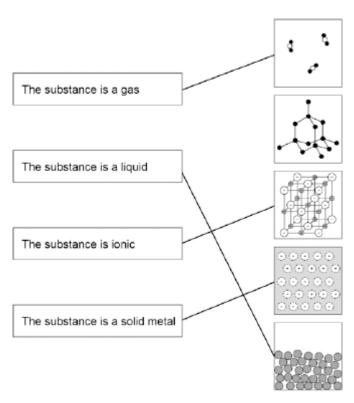
#### M1.(a) Statement

Structure



#### more than one line drawn from a variable negates the mark

#### (b) Carbon

- (c) It has delocalised electrons
- (d) the atoms / particles / ions are different sizes do **not** accept molecules

so there are no rows / layers to slide accept the layers are disrupted 4

1

1

1

(e)	2/27 × 100	1
	7.4%	1

### allow 7.4% with no working shown for **2** marks

(f) Mixture

# **M2.**(a) (i) C

			1	
	(ii)	В	1	
	(iii)	A	1	
	(iv)	D	1	
(b)	(i)	SO <sub>2</sub>	1	
	(ii)	shared	1	
	(iii)	covalent	1	
			-	[7]

## M3.(a) sodium loses (electron)

		sharing / covalent / metallic = max 2	1				
	chlorine gains (electron) 1 <b>or</b> an (electron)						
(b)	(i)	Have no overall electric charge	1				
	(ii)	Should iodine be added to salt?	1				
		<ul> <li>reason any one from: <ul> <li>cannot be done by experiment <ul> <li>accept difficult to get / not enough evidence</li> </ul> </li> <li>based on opinion / view <ul> <li>allow must be done by survey</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>					
		<ul> <li>ethical or economic issue.</li> </ul>	1				
(c)	(i)	nitric (acid)	1				
	(ii)	an alkali	1				
	(iii)	indicator accept any named acid base indicator	1				
(d)	(i)	Crystallisation	1				
	(ii)	fertiliser allow to help crops grow	1				

- (iii) any **one** from:
  - pressure
    - allow concentration
  - temperature
  - ignore heat
  - catalyst.

[12]

1

<b>M4.</b> (a)	any <b>one</b> from:	•	protection / improve lifespan improve appearance.	1
	(b)	(i)	Bleach	1
		(ii)	Hydrogen is less reactive than sodium	1
		(iii)	1 bonding pair of electrons 6 unbonded electrons on Cl accept dot, cross or e or – or any combination	1
		(iv)	Covalent	1
		(v)	Hydrogen chloride has a low boiling point.	1
			Hydrogen chloride is made of simple molecules.	1
	(c)	(i)	oxygen accept carbon dioxide	1
		(ii)	aluminium ions are positive	1
			so are attracted (to the negative electrode) allow opposites attract	1
		(iii)	Reduction	1
		(iv)	slide allow move	1

(ii) strong covalent bonds

1 [14]

M5.(a)	(i)	) high
--------	-----	--------

•			1	
	(ii)	hundred	1	
(b)	hard			
			1	
(c)	(i)	carbon	1	
	(ii)	four		
	(11)	iou	1	
	(iii)	covalent		
			1	
	(iv)	all	1	
			-	[7]

1

#### covalent

1

1

1

## (b) because it has a high melting point accept it won't melt accept it won't decompose or react allow withstand high temperatures ignore boiling point

(c) thin

[4]

### M7.(a) layers

## which have weak forces / attractions / bonds between them second mark must be linked to layers

or

## which can slide over each other **or** separate *ignore references to rubbing*

(b) covalent

[3]

1

1

1